THE COMPANIES ACT 2006
COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE AND NOT
HAVING A SHARE CAPITAL
MEMORANDUM AND ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION
of
DOWN'S SYNDROME SCOTLAND

Incorporated 2009

Amended 2010
THE COMPANIES ACT 2006
COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE
AND NOT HAVING A SHARE CAPITAL
MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION
of
DOWN’S SYNDROME SCOTLAND

1. The name of the Company is “DOWN’S SYNDROME SCOTLAND”
   (hereinafter the “Company”).

2. The Registered Office of the Company will be situated in Scotland.

3. A. The objects for which the Company is established are to improve the
   quality of life for everyone in Scotland with Down’s Syndrome by (1) the
   advancement of education (2) the advancement of health (3) the
   advancement of citizenship and (4) the relief of those in need by reason
   of disability.

   B. In furtherance of its objects the Company will undertake the following
   activities:-

   (1) relieve the needs of people with Down’s Syndrome and their
       parents, relatives and carers;

   (2) help to facilitate the personal development of people with Down’s
       Syndrome in order that they may realise their full potential;

   (3) advance the education of the general public, and people
       professionally involved in Scotland about Down’s Syndrome and
       the capability and right of people with Down’s Syndrome to lead
       rewarding and independent lives; and

   (4) promote and support research of benefit to people with Down’s
       Syndrome.

4. The Company in carrying out the above objects shall have and may exercise
   (but only to the extent to which the same may lawfully be exercised by a
   company having exclusively charitable objects) all or any of the following
   powers:-
(a) to undertake any activities that support the objects of the Company;

(b) to encourage, provide, support and otherwise facilitate the work of those interested in the objects of the Company.

(c) to raise funds, solicit, receive and accept financial assistance, subscriptions, donations, endowments, legacies, gifts and loans of money, rents and any other property whatsoever, heritable or moveable, subject or not to any specific charitable trusts or conditions;

(d) to establish, support or aid in the establishment and support of any charitable associations or institutions established for similar purposes and to subscribe monies for charitable purposes in any way connection with the purposes of the Company or calculated to further its objects;

(e) to issue appeals, hold public meetings and take such other steps as may be required for the purposes of procuring contributions to the funds of the Company in the form of donations, subscriptions or otherwise;

(f) to purchase, take on lease or in exchange or otherwise acquire and to hold, manage, develop, sell, dispose of lease or deal in any way with any heritable or moveable property and any interests therein;

(g) to borrow and raise money for the objects of the Company and secure or discharge any debt or obligation of or binding on the Company in such manner and on such terms and conditions as may be thought fit, and in particular by mortgages or charges upon the undertaking and all or any of the real and personal property (present and future) of the Company;

(h) to invest funds of the Company not immediately required in such investments, securities or property as may be considered appropriate (and to dispose of any vary, such investments);

(i) to grant, continue and pay such remuneration and pensions to any person or persons who renders services to the Company supervising, organising, carrying on the work of and advising the Company as may from time to time be thought proper, and to establish pension funds and other trust funds or charitable arrangements of any kind
whatsoever for persons employed at any time by the Company and their widows and dependants subject to the provisions of Clause 5;

(j) to insure and arrange insurance cover for, and to indemnify its officers, employees and voluntary workers and those of its members from and against, all such risks incurred in the course of the performance of their duties as may be thought fit;

(k) to promote, arrange, organise and conduct seminars, conferences, lectures, meetings and discussions;

(l) to prepare, edit, print, publish, issue, acquire, circulate and distribute books, pamphlets, papers, periodicals and other literary material, pictures, prints, photography, films, sound recordings and mechanical and other models and equipment, and to establish, form, promote, conduct and maintain public collection displays and exhibitions of literature, statistics, charts, information and other material;

(m) to construct, erect, alter, improve, demolish and maintain any buildings which may from time to time be required for the purposes of the Company, and to manage, develop, sell, lease, let, mortgage, dispose of or otherwise deal with all or any part of the same;

(n) to draw, make, accept, endorse, discount, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange and other negotiable or transferable instruments;

(o) to promote and incorporate or to join in the promotion or incorporation of any charitable company with limited or unlimited liability, organisations, societies or associations for the purpose of carrying out any object which the Company itself could carry out and to subscribe for or otherwise acquire the shares, stock or other securities of such company or to lend money to such company on such terms as may be thought fit;

(p) to co-operate and enter into arrangements with any authorities, national, local or otherwise;

(q) to amalgamate with any companies, organisations, societies or associations which are charitable at law and have objects altogether or mainly similar to those of the Company and prohibit the payment of

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any dividend or profit to, and the distribution of any of their assets amongst their members at least to the same extent as such payments or distributions are prohibited in the case of members of the Company by this Memorandum of Association; and

(r) to do all such other things as are necessary for the attainment of the said objects.

In this clause, and throughout this Memorandum of Association,

(a) the expression "charity" shall mean a body on the Scottish Charity Register which is also regarded as a charity in relation to the application of the Taxes Acts.

(b) the expression "charitable purpose" shall mean a purpose which constitutes a charitable purpose under section 7 of the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005 which is also regarded as a charitable purpose in relation to the application of the Taxes Act.

5. The income and property of the Company shall be applied solely towards the promotion of the objects of the Company as set out in this Memorandum of Association and subject to the following paragraphs no portion thereof shall be paid or transferred directly or indirectly by way of dividend, bonus or otherwise howsoever by way of profit to the members of the Company. Nothing herein shall prevent any payment in good faith by the Company:-

(a) of out-of-pocket expenses incurred in carrying out duties by any member, director, officer or employee of the Company;

(b) reasonable payment in return for services rendered to the Company;

(c) director/trustee indemnity insurance; and

(d) payment or benefits permitted in terms of the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005.
6. The liability of the members is limited.

7. Every member of the Company undertakes to contribute to the assets of the Company in the event of the same being wound up while he is a member, or within one year after he ceases to be a member, for payment of the debts and liabilities of the Company contracted before he ceases to be a member, and of the costs, charges and expenses of winding up, and for the adjustment of the rights of the contributories among themselves, such amount as may be required not exceeding One Pound.

8. If on the winding up or dissolution of the Company there remains, after the satisfaction of all its debts and liabilities any property whatsoever, the same shall not be paid to or distributed among the members of the Company, but shall be given or transferred to some other charitable body or bodies having objects similar to the objects of the Company, and which shall prohibit the distribution of its or their income and property among its or their members to an extent at least as great as is imposed on the Company under or by virtue of Clause 5, such body or bodies to be determined by the members of the
Company at or before the time of dissolution, and if and so far as effect cannot be given to such provision, then to some other charitable object.

WE, the persons whose names and addresses are subscribed, wish to be formed into a company in pursuant to this Memorandum of Association.

Names and addresses of subscribers

.......................................................... (signature)
Date: 2009
Name ..........................................................
Address: ..............................................
..........................................................

Name and Address of Witness to the above signature:-

.......................................................... (signature)
Witness' name: ........................................
Witness' address: ...................................
..........................................................

.......................................................... (signature)
Date: 2009
Name ..........................................................
Address: ..............................................
..........................................................

Name and Address of Witness to the above signature:-

.......................................................... (signature)
Witness' name: ........................................
Witness' address: ...................................
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ARTICLES of ASSOCIATION
of
DOWN'S SYNDROME SCOTLAND

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General structure

1. The structure of the company consists of:

   (a) the MEMBERS - who have the right to attend the annual general meeting (and any general meeting) and have important powers under the Articles of Association and the Companies Acts; in particular, the members may take decisions in relation to changes to the articles themselves.

   (b) the DIRECTORS - who hold regular meetings during the period between annual general meetings, and generally control and supervise the activities of the company; in particular, the directors are responsible for monitoring the financial position of the company and are charity trustees.

   (c) the SUPPORTERS – individuals and organisations who wish to support Down’s Syndrome Scotland. Supporters do not have voting rights.
Qualifications for membership

2. The members of the company shall consist of such persons as are admitted to membership under articles 3 to 7. All existing members of the charity Down’s Syndrome Scotland as at 31 March 2009 shall automatically become a member of the Company.

3. Individuals over the age of 16 who are people with Down’s Syndrome, parents, relatives and carers of people with Down’s Syndrome and any individual or organisation who support the objects of the Company shall be eligible to be members. Members shall be required to pay an annual subscription which shall be determined by the directors from time to time.

4. Employees of the company shall not be eligible for membership; a person who becomes an employee of the company after admission to membership shall automatically cease to be a member. Employees may attend board meetings and members meetings as determined by the Chair of such meetings. Employees may be supporters.

Application for membership

5. Any person or organisation who wish to become a member must sign, and lodge with the company, a written application for membership.

6. The directors may, at their discretion, refuse to admit any person to membership.

7. The directors shall consider each application for membership at the first committee meeting, which is held after receipt of the application; the directors shall, within a reasonable time after the meeting, notify the applicant of their decision on the application.

Classes of membership

8. There shall be four classes of membership:

   Life – for adults with Down’s syndrome attaining the age of 16 years. Life members shall be entitled to one vote.

   Individual – Individual members shall be entitled to one vote.

   Family – for two (or more) people living at the same address. Each Family shall be entitled to one vote.
Professional – for individuals and/or organisations who have a professional interest in the work of the charity due to the nature of their work or background. Each individual shall be entitled to one vote; each organisation shall be entitled to one vote.

Registers of members

9. The directors shall maintain registers of members, setting out the full name and address of each member and the date on which any member ceased to be a member.

Withdrawal from membership

10. Any member who wishes to withdraw from membership shall sign, and lodge with the company, a written notice to that effect; on receipt of the notice by the company, they shall cease to be a member.

Expulsion from membership

11. Any member may be expelled from membership by resolution of the directors, providing the following procedures have been observed:-

(a) at least 14 days’ notice of the intention to propose the resolution must be given to the member concerned, specifying the grounds for the proposed expulsion

(b) the member concerned shall be entitled to be heard on the resolution at the meeting at which the resolution is proposed.

Transfer

12. A member may not transfer their membership to any other person.

Supporters

13. Supporters shall be individuals over the age of 16 who are people with Down’s Syndrome, parents, relatives and carers of people with Down’s Syndrome and any individual or organisation who supports the objects of the Company but who do not wish to be members of the Company. Supporters
do not have voting rights but will be eligible to attend events organised from
time to time.

General meetings (meetings of members)
14. The directors shall convene an annual general meeting in each year.
15. Not more than 15 months shall elapse between one annual general meeting
and the next.
16. The business of each annual general meeting shall include:-
   (a) a report by the chair on the activities of the company
   (b) consideration of the annual accounts of the company
   (c) the election/re-election of directors, as referred to in article 39.
17. The directors may convene a general meeting at any time.
18. The directors must convene a general meeting if there is a valid requisition by
no less than 10% of the members from time to time.

Notice of general meetings
19. At least 14 clear days’ notice must be given of an annual general meeting or
   general meeting.
20. The reference to “clear days” in article 19 shall be taken to mean that, in
calculating the period of notice, the day after the notice is posted, (or, in the
case of a notice contained in an electronic communication, the day after the
time when it was sent) and also the day of the meeting, should be excluded.
21. A notice calling a meeting shall specify the time and place of the meeting; it
shall (a) indicate the general nature of the business to be dealt with at the
meeting and (b) if a special resolution (see article 24) (or a resolution
requiring special notice under the Act) is to be proposed, shall also state that
fact, giving the exact terms of the resolution.
22. A notice convening an annual general meeting shall specify that the meeting
is to be an annual general meeting; any other general meeting shall be called
a general meeting.
23. Notice of every general meeting shall be given either in writing or, (where the
party to whom notice is given has notified the company of an address to be
used for the purpose of electronic communications), (by way of an electronic communication) to all the members and directors, and (if there are auditors in office at the time) to the auditors.

Special resolutions and ordinary resolutions

24. For the purposes of these articles, a "special resolution" means a resolution passed by 75% or more of the votes cast on the resolution at an annual general meeting or general meeting, providing proper notice of the meeting and of the intention to propose the resolution has been given in accordance with articles 19 to 23; for the avoidance of doubt, the reference to a 75% majority relates only to the number of votes cast in favour of the resolution as compared with the number of votes cast against the resolution, and accordingly no account shall be taken of abstentions or members absent from the meeting.

25. In addition to the matters expressly referred to elsewhere in these articles, the provisions of the Act allow the company, by special resolution,

(a) to alter its name
(b) to alter its memorandum of association with respect to the company’s objects
(c) to alter any provision of these articles or adopt new articles of association.

26. For the purposes of these articles, an "ordinary resolution" means a resolution passed by majority vote (taking account only of those votes cast in favour as compared with those votes against, and (as applicable) the chairperson’s casting vote), at an annual general meeting or extraordinary general meeting, providing proper notice of the meeting has been given in accordance with articles 19 to 23.

Procedure at general meetings

27. No business shall be dealt with at any general meeting unless a quorum is present; the quorum for a general meeting shall be 5 persons entitled to vote, each being a member or a proxy for a member.

28. If a quorum is not present within 15 minutes after the time at which a general meeting was due to commence - or if, during a meeting, a quorum ceases to be present - the meeting shall stand adjourned to such time and place as may be fixed by the chairperson of the meeting.
29. The chair of the company shall (if present and willing to act as chairperson) preside as chairperson of each general meeting; if the chair is not present and willing to act as chairperson within 15 minutes after the time at which the meeting was due to commence, the directors present at the meeting shall elect from among themselves the person who will act as chairperson of that meeting.

30. The chairperson of a general meeting may, with the consent of the meeting, adjourn the meeting to such time and place as the chairperson may determine.

31. Every member shall have one vote, which (whether on a show of hands or on a secret ballot) must be given personally or by proxy. A member who is not an individual shall vote through their duly authorised representatives.

32. A resolution may be decided by postal ballot if so decided by the Board.

33. If there is an equal number of votes for and against any resolution, the chairperson of the meeting shall be entitled to a casting vote.

34. A resolution put to the vote at a general meeting shall be decided on a show of hands unless a secret ballot is demanded by the chairperson (or by at least two members present in person at the meeting); a secret ballot may be demanded either before the show of hands takes place, or immediately after the result of the show of hands is declared.

35. If a secret ballot is demanded, it shall be taken at the meeting and shall be conducted in such a manner as the chairperson may direct; the result of the ballot shall be declared at the meeting at which the ballot was demanded.

Number of directors

36. The maximum number of directors shall be 12 and the minimum number shall be 3.

(a) Up to 9 directors elected by and from the membership.

(b) Up to 3 directors appointed by the Board of Directors on the basis that he/she has specialist experience and/or skills which could be of assistance to the Board of Directors.
Eligibility and Maximum period in office for directors

37. A person shall not be eligible for election/appointment as a director unless he/she is a member of the company.

38. A person shall be elected a director by the members of the Company. An appointed director in terms of article 36b shall hold office until the next Annual General Meeting following her/his appointment, provided always that a director so appointed may at any time be removed from office by resolution of the Board of Directors.

39. A director shall be entitled to hold office for 3 years and shall then be eligible for re-election for a further period of 3 years. The maximum period a director shall serve is 9 years unless agreed otherwise by the directors.

Termination of office

40. A director shall automatically vacate office if:-

(a) he/she ceases to be a director through the operation of any provision of the Act or becomes prohibited by law from being a director

(b) he/she becomes debarred under any statutory provision from being involved in the management or control of a charity

(c) he/she becomes incapable for medical reasons of fulfilling the duties of his/her office and such incapacity is expected to continue for a period of more than six months

(d) (in the case of a director elected/appointed under article 38) he/she ceases to be a member of the company

(e) he/she resigns office by notice to the company

(f) he/she is absent (without permission of the directors) from more than three consecutive meetings of the directors, and the directors resolve to remove him/her from office

(g) he/she is removed from office by resolution of the directors.

Register of directors/Directors interests

41. The directors shall maintain a register of directors, setting out full details of each director, including the date on which he/she became a director, and specifying the date on which any person ceased to hold office as a director and containing details of directors interests.
Office bearers

42. The directors shall appoint a Chair, Vice Chair, Company Secretary, Treasurer and such other office bearers (if any) as they consider appropriate.

43. The office bearers shall hold office without limit of time.

44. A person elected to any office shall cease to hold that office if he/she ceases to be a director, or if he/she resigns from that office by written notice to that effect.

Powers of directors

45. Subject to the provisions of the Act, the memorandum of association and these articles, and subject to any directions given by special resolution, the company and its assets and undertaking shall be managed by the directors, who may exercise all the powers of the company.

46. A meeting of the directors at which a quorum is present may exercise all powers exercisable by the directors.

46a The Directors may co-opt from the membership, any person who is willing to act to be a director in order to fill a vacancy, provided that the co-option does not cause the number of elected/co-opted directors to exceed 9. Any director so co-opted shall retain his/her office only until the next Annual General Meeting but he/she shall then be eligible for re-election subject to article 36a.

Personal interests

47. A director who has a personal interest in any transaction or other arrangement which the company is proposing to enter into, must declare that interest at a meeting of the directors; he/she will be debarred from voting on the question of whether or not the company should enter into that arrangement.

48. For the purposes of the preceding article, a director shall be deemed to have a personal interest in an arrangement if any partner or other close relative of his/hers or any firm of which he/she is a partner or any limited company of which he/she is a substantial shareholder or director, (or any other party who which is deemed to be connected with him/her for the purposes of the Companies Acts), has a personal interest in that arrangement.

49. Provided he/she has declared his/her interest - and has not voted on the question of whether or not the company should enter into the relevant
arrangement - a director will not be debarred from entering into an arrangement with the company in which he/she has a personal interest (or is deemed to have a personal interest under article 48) and may retain any personal benefit which he/she gains from his/her participation in that arrangement.

50. The directors may be paid all travelling and other expenses reasonably incurred by them in connection with their attendance at meetings of the directors, general meetings, or meetings of committees, or otherwise in connection with the carrying-out of their duties.

Procedure at directors' meetings

51. Board meetings will be held on a regular basis. Any director may call a meeting of the directors or request the secretary to call a meeting of the directors.

52. The directors can agree to confirm decisions by telephone or by written resolution as alternatives to confirming decisions at directors meetings.

53. Questions arising at a meeting of the directors shall be decided by a majority of votes; if an equality of votes arises, the chairperson of the meeting shall have a casting vote.

54. No business shall be dealt with at a meeting of the directors unless a quorum is present; the quorum for meetings of the directors shall be 3. If at any time the number of directors in office falls below the number fixed as the quorum, the remaining director(s) may act only for the purpose of filling vacancies or of calling a general meeting.

55. Unless he/she is unwilling to do so, the chair of the company shall preside as chairperson at every directors' meeting at which he/she is present; if the chair is unwilling to act as chairperson or is not present within 15 minutes after the time when the meeting was due to commence, the directors present shall elect from among themselves the person who will act as chairperson of the meeting.

56. The directors may, at their discretion, allow any person who they reasonably consider appropriate, to attend and speak at any meeting of the directors; for the avoidance of doubt, any such person who is invited to attend a directors' meeting shall not be entitled to vote.
57. A director shall not vote at a directors' meeting (or at a meeting of a committee) on any resolution concerning a matter in which he/she has a personal interest which conflicts (or may conflict) with the interests of the company.

58. For the purposes of article 61, a person shall be deemed to have a personal interest in a particular matter if any partner or other close relative of his/hers or any firm of which he/she is a partner or any limited company of which he/she is a substantial shareholder or director, has a personal interest in that matter.

59. A director shall not be counted in the quorum present at a meeting in relation to a resolution on which he/she is not entitled to vote.

60. The company may, by ordinary resolution, suspend or relax to any extent – either generally or in relation to any particular matter – the provisions of articles 57 to 59.

Delegation to sub-committees

61. The directors may delegate any of their powers to any sub-committee consisting of two or more directors and such other persons (if any) as the directors may determine; they may also delegate to the chair of the company (or the holder of any other post) such of their powers as they may consider appropriate.

62. Any delegation of powers under article 61 may be made subject to such conditions as the directors may impose and may be revoked or altered.

63. The rules of procedure for any sub-committee shall be as prescribed by the directors.

Operation of bank accounts

64. The signatures of two authorised representatives of the Company (who need not be directors of the Company) shall be required in relation to all operations (other than lodgement of funds) on the bank, building society or other financial institution accounts held by the company.
Secretary

65. The company secretary shall be appointed by the directors for such term, at such remuneration (if any), and upon such conditions, as they may think fit; the company secretary may be removed by them at any time.

Minutes

66. The directors shall ensure that minutes are made of all proceedings at general meetings, directors’ meetings and meetings of committees; a minute of any meeting shall include the names of those present, and (as far as possible) shall be signed by the chairperson of the meeting.

Accounting records and annual accounts

67. The directors shall ensure that proper accounting records are maintained in accordance with all applicable statutory requirements for both companies and charities.

68. No member shall (unless he/she is a director) have any right of inspecting any accounting or other records, or any document of the company, except as conferred by statute or as authorised by the directors or as authorised by ordinary resolution of the company.

Branch structure

69. Local activities shall be carried on in support of the objects of the Company whether by branches of the Company or otherwise. The operation of any branch structure will be set out in a separate Governing Instrument.

Notices

70. Any notice which requires to be given to a member under these articles shall be given either in writing or by way of an electronic communication; such a notice may be given personally to the member or be sent by post in a pre-paid envelope addressed to the member at the address last intimated by him/her to the company or (in the case of a member who has notified the company of an address to be used for the purpose of electronic
communications) may be given to the member by way of an electronic communication.

71. Any notice, if sent by post, shall be deemed to have been given at the expiry of 48 hours after posting; for the purpose of proving that any notice was given, it shall be sufficient to prove that the envelope containing the notice was properly addressed and posted.

72. Any notice contained in an electronic communication shall be deemed to have been given at the expiry of 24 hours after it is sent; for the purpose of proving that any electronic communication was sent, it shall be sufficient to provide any of the evidence referred to in the relevant guidance issued from time to time by the Chartered Institute of Secretaries and Administrators.

Winding-up

73. If the company is wound up, the liquidator shall give effect to the provisions of clause 8 of the memorandum of association.

Indemnity

74. Every director or other officer or auditor of the company shall be indemnified out of the assets of the company against any loss or liability which he/she may sustain or incur in connection with the execution of the duties of his/her office; that may include, without prejudice to that generality, any liability incurred by him/her in defending any proceedings (whether civil or criminal) in which judgement is given in his/her favour or in which he/she is acquitted or any liability in connection with an application in which relief is granted to him/her by the court from liability for negligence, default or breach of trust in relation to the affairs of the company.

75. The indemnity contained in article 74 shall be subject to the provisions of the Act and is without prejudice to any other indemnity to which a director may otherwise be entitled.

Interpretation

76. In these articles

“the Act” means the Companies Act 2006;

any reference in these articles to a provision of the Act shall be taken to include any statutory modification or re-enactment of that provision which is in force at the time;
"electronic communication" has the same meaning as is assigned to that expression in the Electronic Communications Act 2000.

"person" means any individual, organisation or body including any authorised representative of any organisation or body.

77. Reference in these articles to the singular shall be deemed to include the plural.

Names and addresses of subscribers

.......................................................... (signature)
Date: 2009
Name ..................................................
Address: ...........................................

Name and Address of Witness to the above signature:-

.......................................................... (signature)
Witness' name: ....................................
Witness' address: ..................................

.......................................................... (signature)
Date: 2009
Name ..................................................
Address: ...........................................

Name and Address of Witness to the above signature:-

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